Abstract

The analysis will attempt to ascertain the community's social and economic standings, as well as the potential for improving the Gorkha Community's Socio-Economic Status. Growth in the socioeconomic sense refers to the improvement of people's lifestyles through better education, wages, skill development, and jobs. The study focuses on the roots of the Gorkha community in Assam, the Socio-Economic Status of the Gorkhas in Assam, especially in the Bodoland Territorial Area Districts, and the role of the government and policymakers in improving the Socio-Economic Status of Assam's Gorkhas. The study is based on the Human Development approach. Human Development is described as "the process of expanding people's choices" in this context. Living a long and safe life, acquiring information, and having access to desirable possessions for a decent standard of living are the three most important choices for people's overall growth.

Purposive sampling was used to collect the relevant data as primary data. In terms of data collection, both quantitative and qualitative data were collected, and an interview schedule was followed, as well as organized and unstructured questions, including open and closed-ended questions. Following the survey, numerous differences in the community's Socio-Economic development can be identified. Various issues such as land pattas, landholding documents in forest areas, political rights, and so on are often pushed to the side by the local government. Being the protected class of Tribal Belts and Blocks Gorkhas have not yet been granted protection as a protected class. Furthermore, the neighborhood is subjected to eviction threats from time to time.

The literacy rate of the Gorkhas in Assam is very low, forcing the youths of the Gorkhas to migrate for a living and work as manual laborers and other lower breed jobs in various firms and industries throughout India. They have been carrying out their agricultural farming in traditional ways, and as a result, they have been relegated to a more backward condition both economically and socially. To improve the socioeconomic status of Gorkhas in Assam, the government must take measures to

provide training in skill production, advanced agricultural technology, job creation for youths, and so on.

 $Keywords\hbox{--} Socio\hbox{--} Economic, Income, Education, Occupations.$