2018 ECONOMICS ECO: 1.3

MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS-I

Full Marks: 80 Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicates full marks for the questions:

1. Answer the following questions.

2x4 = 8

- a. Explain integration as a reverse process of differentiation.
- b. What do you mean by absolute extrema?
- c. When does inverse of a matrix exist? What is adjoint of a matrix?
- d. What is pivot element?
- 2. Answer the following questions.

5x4 = 20

- a. The AR function is given by AR= 100-3q, Find out the elasticity of demand when q=5.
- b. Outline the properties of definite integrals
- c. Write down the general formulation of input-output analysis.
- d. Explain shortly the mathematical technique to find out pivot element in linear programming for a maximization problem.
- 3. Answer any two (2) of the following questions.

10x2=20

- a. Analyze the effect of lump sum tax and Profit tax on profit, output and price of monopolist firm. (10)
- b. Explain producer's surplus mathematically. Assuming perfect competition, find producer's surplus from the demand and supply function given below (3+7)

 $p_d = 3x^2 - 20x + 5$

 $p_s = 15 + 9x$ 25 0.2 0.3 0.2

- d. Outline the general formulation of profit maximization for a production problem using LP technique. (10)

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4. Answer the following questions.

16x2=32

A. A monopolist discriminates between two markets and the price equation are given below

 $P_1 = 80 - 5Q_1$

 P_2 =180-20 Q_2 ; Where Q_1 and Q_2 are the amount of output sold in two markets. The total cost function of the monopolist firm is given by TC=50+20Q where $Q=Q_1+Q_2$. Obtain

- a) Profit Maximizing output
- b) Maximum profit
- c) Prices of the two markets
- d) Elasticity of demand of the two markets

(6+2+4+4)

Or

B. Find the final output goals of each industry to satisfy the specified bill of final consumption. Given the technological coefficient matrix, find also the total labor requirement. (12+4)

	X	Υ ,	Z	Bill of final consumption
Х	0.3	0.2	0.2	80
Y	0.2	0.1	0.5	30
Z	0.2	0.4	. 0.2	50
Labour	0.4	0.3	0.1	

C. The Demand and supply laws are given by D=(6-q)² and S=14+q respectively. Find consumer's surplus if (i) the demand and supply are determined under pure competition (ii) the demand and supply are determined under monopoly. (8+8)

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D. What is linear programming? Elaborate the necessity of slack or dummy variables in solving profit maximization of a LP problem. A

manufacture produces three models of bicycles. The time in hours required for assembling, painting and packaging each model is as follows

	Model A	Model B	Model C
Assembling	2	2.5	3
Painting	1.5	2	1
Packaging	1	.75	1.25

The total time available for assembling, painting and packaging is 4006hrs, 2495hrs and 1500hrs respectively. The profit per model is Rs.45, Rs.50 and Rs.55 for models A, B and C respectively. How many of each type should be produced to obtain a maximum profit. (3+3+10)
