# 2018 ECONOMICS ECO: 3.3

MONETARY ECONOMICS

Full Marks: 80
Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

### 1. Answer the following questions:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$ 

- (a) What is high powered money?
- (b) Define non-banking financial institutions with examples.
- (c) Distinguish between money market and capital market.
- (d) Define rational expectation.

### 2. Answer the following questions:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$ 

- (a) How do financial system helps in the economic growth of a country?
- (b) Distinguish between inside money and outside money.
- (c) Explain in brief the determinants of money supply.
- (d) Distinguish between organised and unorganised financial system with examples.

## 3. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- (a) What are characteristics of money? Explain the dynamic functions of money.
- (b) Bring out the Friedman's contribution to the theory of demand for money.
- (c) Explain the nature and constituents of money multiplier.
- (d) What is Philips curve? Write a detailed note bringing out the differences between short-run and long-run Philips curve.

### 4. Answer the following questions:

 $16 \times 2 = 32$ 

(a) Explain the Keynes' approach to the theory of demand for money? What are its limitations? 12 + 4 = 16

Or

What do you mean by money supply? Explain the components of money supply? In what way can the money supply be controlled?

$$2 + 10 + 4 = 16$$

(b) Discuss the portfolio balance approach of Baumol. Account for its defects. 10 + 6 = 16

Or

Explain the constituents and functions of financial system.

$$8 + 8 = 16$$

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