## 2017 **GEOGRAPHY** Paper: 403

## **ADVANCE GEOMORPHOLOGY**

Full Marks: 80 Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

	Mu	ltiple choice questions (ans	wer all):	1X 10=10					
	(i)	Which is having the lowes	ch is having the lowest pace						
		(a) Mudflow	(b) Earth flow						
		(c) Snow avalanche	(d) Creep						
2.	(ii)	Headland is associated wi	th	oebju logar(ossuss (v.)					
		(a) Discordant coastline	(b) Concordant co	astline					
		(c) Along the coastline	(d) (a) and (b)						
	(iii)	Blow hole is associated wi	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE						
		(a) Coastal landform	(b) Karst topography						
		(c) Plate tectonic	(d) Fluvial landscape						
	(iv)	Garo Hills is separated fro	om central part of Meghalaya plateau						
		by	rated from central part of Meghalaya plateau						
		(a) Moheshkhola Amguri range (b) Moheshkhola Adaguri range							
		(c) Kylas Range							
		(d) Arbela Range							
				P.T.O.					

(v)	Notch landform is due to				(iv)	What is Lineament?
	(a) Wind Action	(b) Wave action			(v)	What is Tectonic geomorphology?
	(c) Tide	(d) All the above				What is Hook and Tombolo?
(vi)	The large compound sink	hole				
	(a)Uvalas	(b) Polje				What is Avalanche?
	(c) Ponor	(d) Hums		3.	Ans	wer in brief (any four): 5X4=20
(vii)	What is the highest elevat	ion of Meghalaya plateau			(i)	What is the significance of climate based geomorphology?
	(a) 1961m	(b) 1973m			(ii)	What is coreston and tor bolders? Explain its formation.
	(c) 1681m	(d) 1772m			(iii)	Explain the physiography of Meghalaya plateau in brief.
(viii	Eliminate the odd landform	n.			(iv)	Briefly Illustrate the theories of origin of underground caverns?
	(a) Tombolo	(b) Headland				Explain.
	(c) Polje	(d) Hooks			(v)	What is a river terrace? Write its types and origin with suitable
(ix)	Karst cycle of erosion wa	as propounded by				diagram.
	(a) A.D.Miall	(b) Arthur Holmes			(vi)	Application of spatial technology enhances the
	(c) J.W.Beede	(d) Willaim Morris Davis				geomorphological understanding. Explain
(x)	Most natural slope upon	which landslides can occ	ur have F	4.	Ans	wer in detail (any two): 9x2=18
	value between				(i)	What is mass movement? Explain with suitable diagrams.
	(a) 0.5 and 1.0	(b) 1.0 and 1.3				2+5+2=9
	(c) 1.3 and 1.6	(d) 1.6 and 1.9			(ii)	What is gradation? Explain.
Ans	wer in brief (any four):		2X4=8			
(i)	What is Phreatic Zone?				(iii)	What is process geomorphology? Explain its role in
(ii)	Differentiate Coast line an	d Sea shore.				understanding landform study. 3+6=9
(iii)	Explain coastal erosion pro				(iv)	Explain the role of geomorphology in land use land cover and
						environmental planning. 9

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2.

5. Answer in detail (any tw	70	y tw	any	il (	deta	in	wer	Ans	A	5.
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12x2=24

- (i) Write the fundamental concepts of geomorphology. 12
- (ii) What is karst topography? Explain various landforms associated with it. Draw suitable diagrams. 3+6+3
- (iii) Define morphometry? Justify its importance in geomorphological studies. 6+6
- (iv) What is Escarpment? Explain the presence and characteristics of escarpment across the world with suitable diagram.

  2+7+3

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