

Total No. of printed pages = 4

63/2 (SEM-1) PHL 702C

2021

(held in 2022)

PHILOSOPHY

(Theory Paper)

Paper Code : PHL-702C

(Indian Metaphysics)

Full Marks – 80

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

1. Choose the correct *one* : 1×6=6
- (a) The first product of Sāṅkhya evolution is
- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| (i) Ahankāra | (ii) Mind |
| (iii) Mahat or Buddhi | (iv) Mahabhūtas. |
- (b) According to Sāṅkhya Philosophy the ultimate reality (realities) are
- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| (i) One | (ii) Two |
| (iii) Three | (iv) Four |

[Turn over

- (c) The main book of Saṅkhya is
- Saṅkhya-Pravachana-bhāṣya
 - Saṅkhya yāsa
 - Saṅkhya-Karika
 - Saṅkhya-Karika-bhāṣya.
- (d) The theory of causation of Buddhism is known as
- The theory of Karma
 - Ksanika-vāda
 - Pratitya Samudpāda
 - No-soul theory.
- (e) As a Philosophical system vaisesika recognises
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| (i) Two | (ii) Three |
| (iii) Four | (iv) Five |
- Pramanas.
- (f) The author of the book "Kiranawali" is
- Udayanacharya
 - Sridhra
 - Sivaditya
 - Kapila.

2. Answer briefly : 2×5=10
- What are the ultimate realities in Saṅkhya Philosophy ?
 - How many qualities constitutes Prakriti ?
 - How many Padarthas are recognised by the Vaisesika ? What are these ?
 - What is bhāva Padartha ?
 - How many types of chittavritti are there in Yoga Philosophy ?
3. Answer any six of the following questions : 5×6=30
- Write a short note on Satkaryavāda.
 - What is Non-existence according to Vaisesika ? What are its different kinds ?
 - Illustrate the points of relation between substance and qualities.
 - State any two arguments in favour of existence of Purusa of Saṅkhya.
 - Write short note on 'Prakriti' of Saṅkhya.
 - What are the different qualities of Prakriti ?
 - How does Ramanuja criticise Saṅkara concept of Māyā ?

- (h) Write a short note on the concept of 'Saguna Brahma'.
- (i) What is chittavritti? What are its different types?
4. Answer any *two* of the following: $10 \times 2 = 20$
- (a) Explain the noble Truth of Buddha in which we find the doctrine of pratitya samudpāda.
- (b) What is Satkaryavāda of Saṅkhya? What are the different grounds established by the Saṅkhya in support of Satkaryavāda?
- (c) What is the meaning of 'Chitta' in Yoga Philosophy? Discuss Chittavritti and Chittavrittinirodha.
5. What is the Nature of Samādhi in Yoga Philosophy? Discuss throughly the various kinds of Samādhi. $4+10=14$

Or

Why is Abhāva recognised as a Padārtha in Vaisesika system? Describe different kinds of Abhāva. $4+10=14$