

Total No. of printed pages = 6

**63/2 (SEM-1) CHM 102**

**2021**

(held in 2022)

**CHEMISTRY**

(Theory Paper)

Paper Code : CHM-102

**(Organic Chemistry – I)**

Full Marks – 80

Time – Three hours

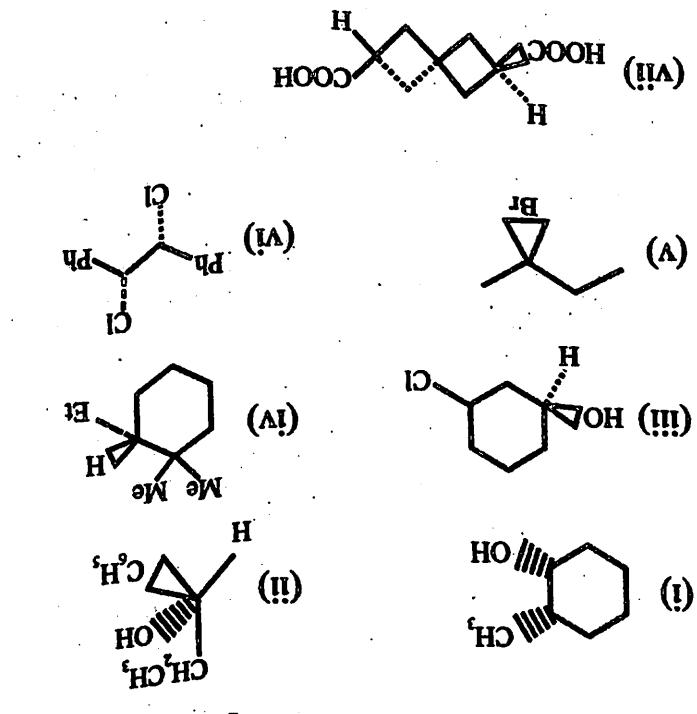
The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions.

1. Answer any *three* of the following questions :  
 $5 \times 3 = 15$

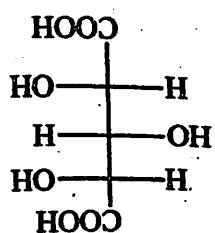
(a) Explain non-aromatic and homoaromatic compound with suitable examples.  
 $2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$

(b) Explain why cycloheptatrienyl cation is more stable than cycloheptatrienyl anion. Mention their magnetic behavior.  
 $4+1=5$

[Turn over



3. Designate the configurations of the following:



(d) Explain pseudosymmetric centre with an example. Explain the stereochemistry and chirotopicity of all the three carbon atoms in the following structure:

$2+3=5$

(c) What is optical purity? How it is related to enantiomeric excess? If the enantiomeric excess is 95%, how much of each enantiomer is present?

$2+3=5$

(b) Explain enantiomeric and diastereomeric ligands and races with suitable examples.

(v)  $1,4\text{-Dibromo-2,5-dichloro benzene}$

(vi)  $\text{Chrysene}$

(vii)  $1,4\text{-Diodobenzene}$

(viii)  $1,4\text{-Diborane}$

(a) Find the point group of the following molecules:

$1 \times 5 = 5$

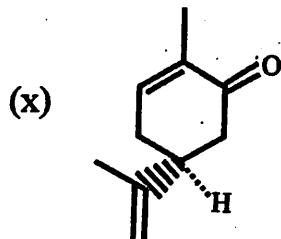
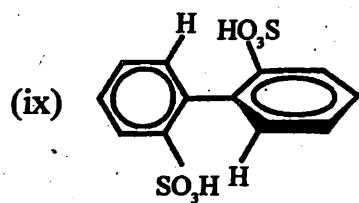
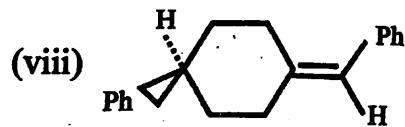
2. Answer any three of the following questions:

$5 \times 3 = 15$

(d) How HSAB concept can be applied in organic reactions? Explain with suitable examples.

(e) Elimination reaction from axial *t*-butyl trimethylammonium cyclohexane is 100 times faster than its equatorial isomer. Explain why?

(f) Turn over



4. Answer any two of the following questions :

$5 \times 2 = 10$

(a) What is chemoselective reaction ? Explain stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.

$1+4=5$

(b) Explain regioselective addition of nucleophiles to unsymmetrical epoxides under acidic and basic conditions.

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(c) Explain acetolysis of anti- and syn-7-norbornenyl tosylate and the saturated compound.

5

5. Answer any six of the following questions :  $5 \times 6 = 30$

(a) Write the significances of reaction constant,  $\rho$  in Hammett equation. The  $-NH_2$  group has a large negative value of  $\sigma_p$ , and a zero value of  $\sigma_m$ . Explain why ?

$2+3=5$

(b) Write the mathematical statement of Hammett equation and explain the terms. What are the physical significances of substituent constant,  $\sigma$  ?

$2+3=5$

(c) Tertiary butyl bromide undergoes  $E_2$  reaction with  $CH_3ONa$  but it is very difficult to undergo  $SN_2$  reaction. Explain why ? Elimination reaction is more favoured at high temperature than nucleophilic substitution reaction. Explain why ?

$3+2=5$

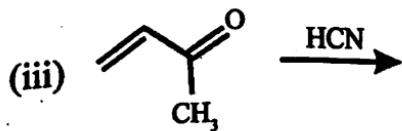
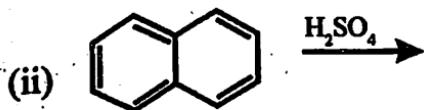
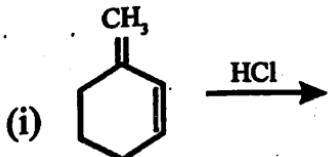
(d) Substitution reaction is more favoured at highly polar solvent than elimination reaction. Explain why ?

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(e) Define partial rate factor. Calculate partial rate factor when toluene is nitrated, para, meta and ortho nitro toluene were formed in 40%, 3.2% and 57% yield respectively and relative reactivity of benzene to toluene was found to be 24.5.

$2+3=5$

(f) Write kinetically controlled and thermodynamically controlled products of the following reactions. Write mechanism of the reaction also (any two) :  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$



(g) Write the products of the following reactions with mechanism.  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$

