# Total No. of printed pages = 9 63/2 (SEM-3) GGY 303(N/O)

#### 2021

(held in 2022)

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

(Theory Paper)

Paper Code: GGY-303 (New)

### (Research Methodology)

Full Marks - 80

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer *all* the questions from the following:  $1\times 6=6$ 
  - (i) Research is
    - (a) Searching again and again
    - (b) Finding solution to any problem
    - (c) Working in a scientific way to search for truth of any problem
    - (d) None of the above

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(ii)	The	main	objective	of '	study's	to
	acqu	cquire knowledge.				, .

(a) Exploratory

(b) Descriptive

(c) Diagnostic

(d) Descriptive and Diagnostic

(iii) Why do you need to review the existing literature?

(a) To make sure you have a long list of references

(b) Because without it, you could never reach the required word-count

(c) To find out what is already known about your area of interest

(d) To help in your general studying

(iv) Which one of the following is NOT a method of data collection?

(a) Observation

(b) Questionnaire

(c) FGD

(d) Key Informant's Interview

(v) ANOVA is

(a) A government body which collects social statistics.

(b) The name of a statistical software package.

(c) A one-way analysis of variance.

(d) A two-ways analysis of variance.

(vi) Which technique is generally followed when the population is finite?

(a) Systematic Sampling Technique

(b) Purposive Sampling Technique

(c) Area Sampling Technique

(d) None of the above.

2. Answer all the questions from the following:  $2\times 5=10$ 

(i) What is research objective?

(ii) What is questionnaire?

(iii) List four methods for qualitative data collection.

(iv) Mention name of two reference / citation manager tool.

(v) Give four examples of 'ordinal scale' variable.

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- 3. Answer any five questions from the following:  $6\times5=30$ 
  - (i) Explain the characteristics of research in brief.
  - (ii) Discuss the criteria of good research
  - (iii) Explain the meaning and significance of a Research design
  - (iv) What is plagiarism? Explain different types of plagiarism. 3+3=6
  - (v) Explain what is informed consent and deception. 3+3=6
  - (vi) Describe what is anonymity and confidentiality. 3+3=6
  - (vii) Write a brief note on sampling.
  - (viii) Enumerate and explain in detail the components of report writing.
  - (ix) Explain the tools of data collection.
- 4. Answer any *two* questions from the following:  $10 \times 2 = 20$ 
  - (i) Define research and research methodology. Explain the different steps involved in research process. 2+1+7=10

- (ii) Elaborate characteristics of the four levels of measurements and explain principles of good measurement. 5+5=10
- (iii) Describe the elements of hypothesis. Explain Research hypothesis and Null hypothesis with suitable examples. 4+3+3=10
- 5. Answer any *one* question from the following:  $14 \times 1 = 14$ 
  - (i) What is research problem? Define the main issues which should receive the attention of the researchers in formulating the research problem?

    4+10=14
  - (ii) Write a detail note on structure of a dissertation. Cite examples by taking a suitable topic of your choice. 10+4=14

(5)

#### (Theory Paper)

Paper Code: GGY-303 (Old)

## (Social and Political Geography)

Full Marks - 80

Time - Two hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Multiple-choice type questions (all compulsory):

1×6=6

- (i) 'Politics can modify the landscape'. The above statement is related with
  - (a) Functional Approach
  - (b) Ecological Approach
  - (c) Law-landscape Approach
  - (d) None of the above
- (ii) The Rimland theory was propounded by
  - (a) H. J. Mackinder
  - (b) F. Ratzel
  - (c) Spykman
  - (d) Humboldt

- (iii) Which among them is not a condition of social interaction?
  - (a) Contact in time
  - (b) Contact in space
  - (c) Communication
  - (d) None of the above
- (iv) Who is recognized as father of modern Political Geography?
  - (a) Mackinder
  - (b) Ratzel
  - (c) Spykman
  - (d) Schaffle
- (v) Which among them is not the factor behind social bond of group life?
  - (a) Recognition of similarities
  - (b) Desire for sexes and progeny
  - (c) Cultural affinity and geographical locality
  - (d) Satisfy personal needs

- (vi) Which of the following are components of national social structure?
  - (a) Tribe
  - (b) Caste
  - (c) Educational Institution
  - (d) All of the above.
- Very short type questions (all compulsory):

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- What do you mean by colonialism?
- (ii) Define the meaning of lebensraum.
- (iii) What are artifacts of culture?
- (iv) Define the meaning of society.
- What are the considerations of an ethnic group for its membership?
- 3. Short answer type questions (any six):

5×6=30

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- (i) Differentiate between border and frontier.
- Explain in short about the structural component of a society.
- (iii) Describe shortly about social space.
- (iv) What are the basic premises of Ratzel's law of Organic State?

- (v) Describe the idea of neo-colonialism.
- (vi) Differentiate between core and peripherv.
- (vii) Elaborate the idea of social stratification.
- (viii) What are the barriers of cultural diffusion?
- (ix) Write a short note on formal cultural region.
- Descriptive type questions (answer any two):  $10 \times 2 = 20$ 
  - (i) Elaborate with diagram the different stages of growth of a frontier.
  - (ii) Describe the formation of social structure in capitalist mode of production.
  - (iii) Why cultural integration can be considered as catalyst to social change? Explain.
- Advance answer type questions (any one):  $14 \times 1 = 14$ 
  - Critically examine the theory of Heartland as forwarded by Halford J. Mackinder.
  - How the socio-economic diversity influence the social well-being of an area?