V.

Total No. of printed pages = 17

63/2 (SEM-4) ZOO 403 (C,F,W)

2023

ZOOLOGY

(Theory Paper)

Paper Code: ZOO 403 (C)

(Molecular Immunology)

Full Marks - 80

Pass Marks - 32

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following multiple choice type questions (all compulsory): 1×6=6
 - (a) In thymus-dependent antigen-activated T-cell, which among these properties will be seen?
 - (i) Affinity maturation
 - (ii) Isotype switching
 - (iii) Immunological memory
 - (iv) Polyclonal activation

Turn over

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(b)	Kappa and Lambda light-chain genes,		
	(i) are located on the same chromosome		
• .	(ii) associate with only one type of heavy chain		
	(iii) can be expressed by the same B cell		
	(iv) undergo separate splicing		
(c)	The mechanism that permits immunoglobulins to be synthesized in either a membrane bound or secreted form is		
	(i) Allelic exclusion		
•	(ii) Class switching		
	(iii) Differential RNA processing		
	(iv) the one-turn/two-turn rule		
(d)	The TH ₁ subset cell development is favoured in the presence of the following cytokine.		
	(i) 1L-4		
	(ii) 1L-6		
	(iii) 1L-10		
.•	(iv) 1L-12		

(e)	Which among these sub-classes of 1gG is not capable of activating complement at all		
	(i) 1gG4	(ii) 1gG3	
	(iii) 1gG2	(iv) 1gG1	
(f)	Which of the following cytoplasmic tail of T-cell co-receptor is required for phosphorylation of ITAM present in CD3 molecules?		
	(i) LCK	(ii) LAD	
	(iii) LAT	(iv) ZAP 70.	
Ans	wer the following	ng very short type questions	
(all compalsory):		2×5=10	
(a)	Define allotype and idiotype immunoglobulin.		
(b)	What are the functions of secondary lymphoid organ in the immune system.		
(c)	Define Autoimmunity.		
(d)	What are the t	terms 'clonal selection' and	

What are the causes that lead to chronic

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B-lymphocytes?

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rejection of the graft?

2.

- 3. Answer any six of the following short types questions: $5\times6=30$
 - (a) Explain why the presence of both IgM and IgD on the membrane of the same B cell does not violate the unispecificity inplied by Clonal selection theory.
 - (b) Briefly describe the similarities and differences among cytokines, growth factors and hormones.
 - (c) Write about the oxygen-dependent and oxygen-independent mechanism of killing ingested pathogens.
 - (d) Write about the different factors that regulate the assembly of Membrane-attack-Complex (MAC) formation.
 - (e) What are the advantages and disadvantages of using attenuated organisms as vaccines?
 - (f) Describe the pathway of complement activation through the classical pathway.
 - (g) Describe the immune-complex mediated hypersensitivity.
 - (h) Distinguish between active and pasrive immunity.

- (i) What type of immune response is mediated by the TH₂ subset? What type of antigen challenge is likely to induce a TH₁ mediated response?

 3+2=5
- 4. Answer any *two* of the following descriptive / analytical type questions: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - (a) How does MHC Class-I differ from Class-II molucules in terms of its structure and antigenic peptide? Explain the pathway of processing and presentation of endogenous antigen by MHC Class-I. 4+6=10
 - (b) What are superantigens? What are its types and properties? How do they induce damage in host? 2+4+4=10
 - (c) Draw the basic structure of the αβ T-cell receptor and compare it with the basic structure of membrane-bound immuno-globulin.

 5+5=10
- 5. Answer any *one* of the following advanced-type questions: $14 \times 1=14$
 - (a) How does immune surveillance screen the infected cell? What are the different types
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of antigens found in tumor cells? How does the tumor cell escape the immune surveillance and form cancer? 4+5+5=14

(b) How does autoimmunity develop in an idividual? What do you mean by central and peripheral tolerance? Describe the symptorms and mechanism of any one auto immune disease.

3+5+6=14