

2017

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Paper : 205**

**WORLD POLITICS : CONTEMPORARY  
CHALLENGES AND PROSPECTS**

Full Marks: 80

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. **Answer any two of the following questions:** 15X2=30
  - (a) Examine the political and economic causes of Imperialism in world politics? 15
  - (b) Discuss the causes and consequences of the First World War in world politics. 15
  - (c) "The term cold war is very often used to denote the very process of East-West conflict itself" – Identify in this context the cold war rivalry between USA and USSR? 15
2. **Answer the following questions:** 10X2=20
  - (a) What is Humanitarian Intervention? How legal and legitimate were the Hunanitaran Intervention? 10
  - (b) "International Terrorisim is a matter of concern all over the world" In this context discuss International Terrorisim? 10
  - (c) Critically analyze the Anab Uprising and democratic transition of the countries in the Middle East? 10

3. Write short note on any four of the following 5X4=20

- (a) Multi-polarity
- (b) Nationalism
- (c) IMF
- (d) Ethno-Nationalism
- (e) ASEAN

4. Answer the following as directed : 2X5=10

(a) Match List I with List II

List I:

List II

- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| i) International Bank for<br>Reconstruction and Development | a) 1960 |
| ii) International Development Association                   | b) 1945 |
| iii) Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency<br>(MIGA)     | c) 1956 |
| iv) International Finance Corporation                       | d) 1988 |

(b) IMF was created to tackle the problem of-

- i) international liquidity and to achieve international monetary stability.
- ii) international stability in international politics.
- iii) establishing foreign exchange restrictions.
- iv) lengthening duration in balance of payment.

(c) The Principle of self-determination implicated.

- i) that people who identify as a Nation should have the right to form a state and exercise sovereignty over their affairs.
- ii) that people who identify as a nation should interfere in others state affairs.
- iii) that people who identify as a nation should have right to interfere in internal affairs
- iv) that people who identify as nation should have right to interfere in territorial integrity of other states.

(d) Who were the "Axis Powers" ?

(e) Arab Uprising or Arab spring began on \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_.

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