

2016

ZOOLOGY

PAPER : ZOO 201
DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY
(Old Course)

Full Mark : 80

Time : 3 Hrs

Figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks for the question

1) Answer the following multiple choice questions (any eight)
1 x 8=8

- a) The kidney are formed from the germ layer
 - i) Mesoderm
 - ii) Lateral plate mesoderm
 - iii) Ectoderm
 - iv) Somites
- b) Which of the following is not a teratogen
 - i) Antibody
 - ii) Alcohol
 - iii) Retinoic acid
 - iv) Water soluble vitamin
- c) What is the origin of red blood cell
 - i) Amnion

(1)

P.T.O.

- ii) Chorion
 - iii) Yolk sac
 - iv) Fetal bone marrow
- d) Which molecule play a major role in holding migrating cell together during *Drosophila* development
- i) Collagen
 - ii) Elastin
 - iii) Fibronectin
 - iv) Cadherins
- e) Antrum is present in
- i) Primordial follicle
 - ii) Primary follicle
 - iii) Secondary follicles
 - iv) Graafian follicles
- f) Gastrulation begins with the formation of
- i) Primitive streak
 - ii) Hypoblast layer
 - iii) Cytotrophoblast
 - iv) Endoderm layer
- g) Differential growth beginning in the late third and fourth weeks of development results in which of the following
- i) Cephalocaudal folding of the embryo
 - ii) Transverse folding of the embryo
 - iii) Transformation of the flat embryonic disc into a cylindrical embryo
 - iv) All of these

(2)

P.T.O.

- h) The inductive process that transforms a flat layer of ectodermal cells into a hollow nervous system tube is called
- i) Invagination
 - ii) Neurulation
 - iii) Notochord formation
 - iv) Gastrulation
- i) Inside the female reproductive tract before fertilizing a secondary oocyte, the sperm cells undergoes
- i) Capacitation
 - ii) Meiosis
 - iii) Spermiogenesis
 - iv) None of these

2) Answer the following short type questions (any five)

2 x 5=10

- a) Define the of gap genes. 2
- b) What do you mean by Inner Cell Membrane (ICM)? 2
- c) Define the term totipotency? 2
- d) What do you mean by environmental teratogens? 2
- e) What is the role of adhesion molecules in morphogenetic development? 2
- f) What do you mean by cell specification and differentiation? 2

3) Answer the following (any four)

5 x 4=20

- a) Distinguish between the pronuclei and micronuclei. 5
- b) Describe and draw the ultra-structural of a mammalian spermatozoon. 5

(3)

P.T.O.

- c) Distinguish between DET and FET. 5
- d) How embryo transfer is done in IVF technique? 5
- e) What is the function of co-ordinate gene and segment polarity gene during development? 5
- 4) Answer the following long type question (any two) $9 \times 2=18$
- a) Describe the role of maternal parent on early development in drosophila 9
- b) Describe the cell process of cell commitment and germ cell migration. (5+4)
- c) Describe the formation of thymus in mammals. 9
- 5) Answer the following very long type question (any two) $12 \times 2=24$
- a) What is teratogenesis? Describe the different factors that cause teratogenesis. (3+9)
- b) Describe the utility of cryopreservation in assisted reproductive technology? What are the major advantages and the disadvantages of gamete cryopreservation? (5+7)
- c) What do you mean by stem cell? How iPS cell are different from conventional stem cells. What are the various disorder of stem cell? Mention the role of Mesenchymal stem cells (MSC) in stem cell therapy. (2+2+5+3)