

2016

**ZOOLOGY**

PAPER : ZOO 203

**BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM**

Full Mark : 80

Time : 3 Hrs

*Figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks for the question*

1. Multiple choice questions (any eight) 1 × 8 = 8
- I. Which of the following statements about glycogen storage is incorrect?
- a) glycogen is stored in muscle and liver
  - b) glycogen is a major source of stored energy in the brain
  - c) glycogen storage occurs in the form of dense granules in the cytoplasm of cells
  - d) glycogen stored in skeletal muscle
- II. Which one of the following enzyme is required in glycogenesis from Glucose-1-P to UDP- glucose?
- a) Uridinediphosphate
  - b) Phosphoglucomutase
  - c) Uridine triphosphate
  - d) Glycogen primer

III. \_\_\_\_\_ metabolic processes occurs in the mitochondria

- a) Cholesterol synthesis
- b) Fatty acid  $\beta$ -oxidation
- c) Glycolysis
- d) Pentose phosphate pathway

IV. What is the key regulatory enzyme for fatty acid synthesis?

- a) Acetyl co A carboxylase
- b) Acetyl co A synthetase
- c) Thioesterase
- d) Keto acyl synthase

V. Which statement is not true about enzyme inhibition?

- a) In competitive inhibition, the inhibitors bind to the active site of the enzyme
- b) In non-competitive inhibition, the inhibitors bind to the allosteric site of the substrate
- c) In irreversible inhibition, a poison binds to the enzyme so that it can never work again
- d) None of the above

VI. In uncompetitive inhibition, which of the following is true

- a)  $V_{max}$  remains constant but  $K_m$  increases
- b) Both  $V_{max}$  decrease  $K_m$  decreases
- c)  $V_{max}$  decrease but  $K_m$  remains same
- d) All the above

VII. Strong acids or bases denature the proteins because it can change the bonding by

- a) Altering hydrogen bonding and salt bridge patterns of side chains of amino acids
- b) Reduces the disulfide bonds to sulfhydryl groups and breaks intra or interchain sulfide bonds
- c) Both are true
- d) Both are false

VIII. Which of these is a non-polar covalent bond?

- a) Bond between sodium and chloride
- b) Bond between two water molecules
- c) Bond between two carbons
- d) Bond between nitrogen and hydrogen

IX. Which of the following is/are true about glycosylation?

- a) N-linked glycans attached to a nitrogen of asparagine side-chains
- b) N-linked glycosylation requires participation of a special lipid called dolichol phosphate
- c) (O-linked glycans attached to the hydroxyloxygen of serine
- d) All the above

2. Answer the following short questions (any five)  $2 \times 5 = 10$

- a) Write short notes on Leucine Zippers.

- b) What is the difference between primary metabolites and secondary metabolites?
- c) What is competitive inhibition and non-competitive inhibition?
- d) What are the natures of covalent and ionic bond? Why are polar and ions are soluble in water?
- e) How does NMR differ from X-Ray crystallography?
- f) Write about chemical properties of an active site of enzyme?

3. Answer the following questions (any four)  $5 \times 4 = 20$

- a) Difference between nucleotides and nucleoside.
- b) Write about the development of brown and beige adipocytes.
- c) Structure of myoglobin
- d) Allosteric enzyme and enzyme as a drug target
- e) Concept of Free energy

4. Answer the following long type questions (any two)

$9 \times 2 = 18$

- a) What is homeostasis? Write about the negative feedback and positive feedback in homeostatic regulation.  $2+7$
- b) What is glycosylations? Discuss the different types of glycosylations and their role in metabolism.  $2+7$

- c) Describe and give an account for the different levels of protein structure.  $9$

5. Answer the following very long type questions

(any two)

$12 \times 2 = 24$

- a) What is extracellular signaling? Write on regulation of metabolism by extracellular signals.  $2 + 10$
- b) What is activation energy of an enzyme? Derive the equation for michaelis-Menten constant for the measurement of rate of an enzyme activity.  $3+9$
- c) What is kreb's cycle and mention the total number of ATP produced? Discuss the role of different enzymes involved in the process.  $4+8=12$

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